New Recorded Plants of Boraginaceae

from Guangdong Province

TIAN Huai-zhen1,2, XING Fu-wu1

(1 South China Botanical Garden, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Guangzhou 510650, China;

2 Graduate University of Chinese Academy of Seienee, Beijing 100039, China)

Abstract: Two new recorded species of Boraginaeeae: Bothriospermum chinense Bge., Cynoglossum amabile Stapf et Drumm.

from Guangdong Province are reported with their distributions and medicinal values. All specimens examined are preserved in Herbarium of South China Botanical Garden, the Chinese Academy of Sciences (IBSC).

Key words: new recorded species; Boraginaceae; Guangdong Province

CLC number: Q949.313

Document code: A

Article ID: 1001-411X(2006)01-0124-01

广东省紫草科植物新记录

田怀珍 1,2, 邢福武 1

(1中国科学院华南植物园,广东广州 510650; 2中国科学院研究生院,北京 100039)

摘要:报道了广东省紫草科的2个新记录种:斑种草Bothriospermum chinense Bge.、倒提壶Cynoglossum amabile Stapf et

Drumm. 凭证标本保存在中国科学院华南植物园标本馆(IBSC).

关键词:新记录种:紫草科:广东省

There are 2 000 species and 100 genera in Boraginaceae all over the world. They are widely distributed in the temperate and tropical zone. China with 46 genera, 2 introduced genera, with 271 species, spreading all over the whole country, especially abundant in southwest China. There are 25 species and 2 varieties in 11 genera in Guangdong and Hainan Province^[1-2].

After investigation of all the specimens of Boraginaceae in Herbarium of South China Botanical Garden, the Chinese Academy of Sciences (IBSC), two new recorded species were found: Bothriospermum chinense Bge., Cynoglossum amabile Stapf et Drumm.

1 Bothriospermu chinense Bge.

Bothriospermum chinense Bge. in Mem. Acad. Sci. St. Pétersb. 2: 121. (Enum. P1. Chin. Bor. 47. 1833) 1835; 斑种草

China. Guangdong: Lechang, Pingshi, 1942. 2. 7, on the roadside, Chun. S. H 145 (IBSC)

Distribution: Gansu, Hebei, Henan, Hunan, Jiangsu, Liaoning, Shaanx, Shandong, Shanxi, Sichuan, Yunnan. Alt: 100-1 600 m, in the mountainous region, under brushwoods or the bamboowoods. The type specimen was collected from Beijing. And it is a new record of Guangdong.

Value: Whole plant is used as traditional medicine. Taste: bitterish. Nature: cool. it is alexiphar-

mic, detumescent and antipruritic, can be used for curing hemorrhoids and eczema.

2 Cynoglossum amabile Stapf et Drumm.

Cynoglossum amabile Stapf et Drumm. in Kew Bull 1906: 202. 1906;倒提壶

China. Guangdong: Guangzhou, Yantang Farm, 1964. 12.7, loam grown, on the plain and grassland. L. Deng, 10792B (IBSC).

Distribution: East Qinghai, Henan. West Sichuan, West Guizhou, Yunnan, South Gansu, Alt: 1 000-4 500 m, on the hillside and shrubberies along the woods. Type specimen was collected from Mengzi, Yunnan. And it is the new record of Guangdong.

Value: Whole plant for medicinal use. Taste: bitter. Nature: cold. It can be used as resolutive, hemostat, and antitussive, also for curing hepatitis, dysentery, variant of leucorrhea; It is external use for fracture and exarticulation^[2].

References:

- [1] FU Li-guo, CHEN Tan-qing, LANG Kai-yong, et al. Higher Plants of China: Vol 9[M]. Qingdao: Qingdao Publishing Press, 1999:317-342. (in Chinese)
- [2] KONG Xian-wu, WANG Wen-cai. Flora Reipublicae Popularis Sinicae: Tomus 64 (2) [M]. Beijing: Science Press, 1989:215-225. (in Chinese)

【责任编辑 李晓卉】

Received date: 2005-03-16

Biographies: TIAN Huai-zhen (1981-), Female, Master; Corresponding author: XING Fu-wu (1956-), Male, Professor, E-mail: xinfw @ scbg. ac. cn

Foundation item: Supported by National Natural Science Foundation of China (30270122)